	Nursery				
	Paint/Crayon/Chalk	Collage	Drawing/Painting		
	Use large-muscle movements to paint and make marks.	Use large-muscle movements to paint and make marks.	Use large-muscle movements to paint and make marks.		
	Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan.	Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan.	Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan.		
	Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.	Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making, snips in paper with scissors.	Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making, snips in paper with scissors.		
	Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.	Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.	Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.		
Skills	Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.	Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.	Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.		
	Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to expressithem.	Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.	Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.		
	Join different materials and explore different textures.      Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and	Join different materials and explore different textures.	<ul> <li>Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.</li> </ul>		
	begin to use these shapes to represent objects.	Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.	Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.		
	Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc.  Explore colour and colour mixing.		Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.		
			Show different emotions in their drawings and		

			paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear,etc
Knowledge	-Knows that tools can be used for a purpose	-Beginning to recognise that art can be expressed in a variety of ways	-Knows tools can be used for a purpose  -Beginning to recognise that art can be expressed in a variety of ways
Vocabulary	Can explain what they have drawn	-Can describe the texture of things: e.g., rough, smooth, soft, hard, sticky	Brush, paint, colour

Reception				
	Handprints and collage	Paint	Collage	
	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	
	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor	
Skills	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.	
	<ul> <li>Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.</li> </ul>	
	Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.	Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.	Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.	
Knowledge	They know that some artists may focus all or most of their artwork on one topic e.g. landscapes, still-life, household items.	They know that some artists may focus all or most of their artwork on one topic e.g. landscapes, still-life, household items.	Children beginning to recognise that art may take different forms  Knows that different artists may work with different	
	Kanua a nanga ali salauna ku mana	Kanua a naga a laglauna ku mara	materials	
	Knows a range of colours by name	Knows a range of colours by name	Knows a range of colours by name.	
Vocabulary	Print, paint, press, mix	Colour, paint, brush, mix	Cut, stick, rip, colour	
Early Learning Goals				

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.
- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing using the tripod grip in almost all cases.

## Year One

	l ear One			
	Collage	Drawing	Painting	
	Describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers	Describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers	Describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers	
Analysic of other work	Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists	Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists	Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists	
work	Use inspiration from famous, notable artists to create their own work and compare	Use inspiration from famous, notable artists to create their own work and compare	Use inspiration from famous, notable artists to create their own work and compare	
	Use a combination of materials that have been cut, torn and glued	Draw lines of varying thickness	Experiment with different brushes	
	Sort and arrange materials	Use dots and lines to demonstrate pattern and texture	Experiment with different brush strokes	
	Add texture by mixing materials	Gaining greater control of line	Mix primary colours to make secondary colours	
Skills	Children beginning to gain increased control when ripping	Is able to hold drawing apparatus accurately	Can choose primary colours to replicate those seen in other work	
	and sticking	Children imitate art work studied	Children imitate art work studied	
	Try different materials and methods in order to create a desired effect		Children imiliate art work studied	
	Children imitating art work studied			

Knowledge	Knows that collage is a piece of art produced by sticking various materials onto a backing (or wording of similar meaning)  Knows that Peter Blake is an artist  Knows that Peter Blake's style is similar to collage  Collage, squares, gaps, cut, place.	Understands how Henri Rosseau fits in to their topic  Can describe how Henri Rosseau's work is different from previous artists work when shown images.  Line, drawing, detail, landscape, pastels, drawings, line, bold, size, space.	Children know the primary colours  Red, blue, yellow, white, black, dark, light
Vocabulary		Year Two	
	Painting Painting	3D Sculpture	Water Colour
Analysis of other work	Describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers  Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists  Use inspiration from famous, notable artists to create their own work and compare	Describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers  Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists  Use inspiration from famous, notable artists to create their own work and compare	Describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers  Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists  Use inspiration from famous, notable artists to create their own work and compare
Skills	Experiment with different brushes (including brushstrokes) and other painting tools  Mix primary colours to make secondary colours  Add white and black to alter tints and shades  Children initiate art work studied	use a variety of natural and manufactured materials for sculpting, e.g. clay, straw and card use a variety of techniques, e.g. rolling, cutting, pinching use a variety of shapes, including lines and texture  Children imitate art work studied	Chooses appropriate sized brushes to complete details  Mix primary colours to make secondary colours  Add white and black to alter tints and shades;  Adds water to the brush in order to use watercolours  Uses tissue to dry off access water  Children imitate art work studied

Knowledge	Knows that paint can come in different forms for different	Knows that sculpture is the creation of models particularly	Knows that paint can come in different forms for different
1	purposes (for example poster, acrylic, oil, watercolour etc.)	by carving or moulding materials;	purposes (for example poster, acrylic, oil, watercolour etc.)
	Children know the primary colours and can name some secondary colours	Understands what materials would be appropriate to carve with;	Children know the primary colours and can name the secondary colours too.
	Know how Martin Bulinya's work relates to the topic of Africa	Understands how Clarice Cliffe is relavent to the 'Local area' topic.	Children know how Joeseph Turner's work is relative to the topic of Christopher Columbus
	Knows that red, orange and yellow are warm colours  Knows that Bulinya's work used lots of warm colours.	Understands that Stoke-on-Trent had a significant pottery industry, which gave opportunity to artists such as Clarice Cliff;	Understands some of the colours that are cold Can describe work as being warm or cold
Vocabulary	primary colours, secondary colours, shades, warm colours, cool colours, brushstroke, acrylic paint, bold	sculpture, model, work of art, 3D, carving, shapes	Watercolour, wash, primary colours, secondary colours, shades, warm colours, cool colours, brushstroke
		Year Three	
	Oil Pastel	Drawing	Printing (Monoprint)
Analysis of other work	Use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work;	Use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work;	Use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work
	Reflect upon their work inspired by a famous notable artist and the development of their art skills;	Reflect upon their work inspired by a famous notable artist and the development of their art skills;	Reflect upon their work inspired by a famous notable artist and the development of their art skills
	Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists and refer to techniques and effect;	Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists and refer to techniques and effect;	Express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists and refer to techniques and effect

Skills	Children choose appropriately bright colours for the	experiment with showing line, tone and texture	Experiments with the same print in different colours
	inspired effect	with different hardness of pencils	replicate patterns from observations
	Children create initial sketches as preparation for using oil pastel on	use shading to show light and shadow effects	Draw over outlines of images with accuracy
		experiments with different materials to draw, e.g. pastels,	Draw over outlines of thinges with accuracy
	Children hold oil pastel as different angles to get thicker blends or sharper edges	chalk, felttips	Only presses on desired areas
	Children can alternate intensity of their press in order to give a softer or bolder effect	show an awareness of space when drawing	Keeps images still on the surface using paper clips or other appropriate methods
	Children imitate art work studied	Children imitate art work studied	Children imitate art work studied
Knowledge	Children know how Nick Gustafson links with their topic	Children know how Ruth Heller links with their topic	Children can draw on similarities between stone-age paintings and monoprints (often very basic, have bold
	Is increasingly understanding the temperature of colours	Knows that Ruth Heller often represents creatures, puzzles, animals and plants in her work	outlines, neither use a range of colour etc.)
	Knows how to hold oil pastels and can identify them as being different to crayons	Knows that Ruth Heller is well known for the use of	Understands how prints are produced
	Children can recognise similar colours which may be	bright colours in her work	Knows that marks will only be made where pressure is applied
	used in blending.	Can name a number of different intruments that can be used to draw with e.g. pencil, felt tip, crayon, oil pastel.	Knows that excess paint will hinder the print
			Understands how to keep an image still on a surface as pressure is applied
Vocabulary	Light, dark, tone, shade, blend, press, outline, tone	Colour, foreground, background, abstract, blend, mix, line, shade, pencil, felt-tip, pen, crayon	line, pattern, colour, shape, monoprint, printing tiles, inking rollers
		Year Four	
	Mosaic	Collage	Press Print
Analysis of other art work	use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work	use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work	use inspiration from famous artists to replicate a piece of work
	reflect upon their work inspired by a famous notable	reflect upon their work inspired by a famous notable	reflect upon their work inspired by a famous notable

	artist and the development of their art skills	artist and the development of their art skills	artist and the development of their art skills
	ı u	1 0	, ,
	express an opinion on the work of famous artists	express an opinion on the work of famous artists	express an opinion on the work of famous artists
	select colours and materials to create effect,	select colours and materials to create effect,	design and create printing blocks/tiles
	giving reasons for their choices	giving reasons for their choices	
			develop techniques in press printing
	to choose appropriate sized pieces to fit in	pieces are placed on work precisely with size and colour	, , , , , ,
	specific areas of a piece	both considered	create and arrange accurate patterns
			a case a sa a range accarace passerro
	to arrange material of choice in appropriate way	paper is stuck down with accuracy within a desired	Use a sharp implement to carve out a desired pattern
	to produce a final image or pattern	boarder	
			Applies paint evenly, without excess, to a printing block
	organise materials in a considered way e.g.	flaps are stuck down on work so that final piece has a	
Skills	curved, linear, spiraled	smooth finish	Uses Styrofoam or polystyrene to create a print
			Refines a print using other materials e.g. pencil crayon,
	refine work as they go to ensure precision	refine work as they go to ensure precision	felt-tip pen, fine-liner etc.
	learn and practise a variety of techniques, e.g. tessellation,	learn and practise a variety of techniques, e.g.	Childrens work is inspired by artist but does not replicate
	mosaic, placing, rotating	overlapping, tessellation, montage	the work
	Childrens work is inspired by artist but does not replicate	Plan and design a collage	
	the work		
		Childrens work is inspired by artist but does not replicate	
		the work	
	To describe similarities and differences between Roman	Understands how the work of Oenone Hemmersley links	Understands how the work of Andy Warhol links with their
	mosaics and those produced by Gaudi	with their topic	topic
	Children know that mosaic means a picture formed by piecing together small pieces of stone, tile or glass	Has been introduced to the colour wheel, and is beginning to gain an understanding of the relationship between some	Knows that Andy Warhol was a leading figure in the visual art movement known as Pop Art.
	precently together strium precess of stories, the or gains	colours	Visitati are movemente la kristari as i opinira
Knowledge	Understands the significance of mosaics in Roman art		Understands that the carved area of a printing block will
		Can make comparisons between mosaic and collage, talking	remain without paint on the print
	To know what some mosaics have depicted	about similarities and differences of both	
			Understands that paint applied to the raised area on a
	To know that mosaic is an art form brought to Britain by		block will appear on the print
	the Romans		

Vocabulary	texture, shape, pattern, mosaic, tile	Collage, place, pattem, shape, arrange, fix,	Pattern, shape, tile, colour, arrange, Styrofoam/ polystyrene, raised, etch/ engrave			
	Year Five					
	Acrylic Painting	Oil Pastel	3D Sculpture			
Analysis of other art	give detailed observations about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work	give detailed observations about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work	give detailed observations about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work			
work	offer facts about notable artists', artisans' and designers' lives	offer facts about notable artists', artisans' and designers' lives	offer facts about notable artists', artisans' and designers' lives			
	create a colour palette, demonstrating mixing techniques	children have a good enough understanding of the colour wheel to know which colours are similar	cut, make and combine shapes to create recognisable forms			
	children work from background to foreground and <b>not</b> vice versa on a rough sketch.	children use their knowledge of the above in order to blend two colours	use clay and other malleable materials and practise joining techniques			
	children's knowledge of the colour wheel is increasing, so too is their understanding of similar colours	children use white pastel as an overlay to aid blending and shading	add materials to the sculpture to create detail			
Skills	children consider where a light source within an art-piece is positioned, so as to get the highlights and shadows	colouring is accurate and does not go over the desired border that is being coloured	plan and design a sculpture			
	accurate strokes are consistent with the shape of the object being	direction of colouring is consistent with the shape of the object being coloured e.g. swirled, spiral, straight, horizontal, vertical	use tools and materials to carve, add shape, add texture and pattern			
	coloured e.g. swirled, spiral, straight, horizontal, vertical  Children are increasingly using more precise implements	background is completed first and built upon into the	develop cutting and joining skills			
	for the task (e.g. smaller brushes, more refined tips)	foreground	refines work as they go to ensure precision			
	understands how Chesley Bonestell links with their topic	understands how Edward Munch links with their topic	understands how Gutzen Borglum links with their topic			
Knowledge	can identify similarities and themes within the work of Chesley Bonestell	can identify and name 'The Scream' piece of artwork for which Munch is most known	understands Borglum is known mostly for his work on Mount Rushmore in America			
	understands that Bonestell's work captured the imaginations of the public as no one had been to space at the time.	can identify similarities and themes within Munch's work	can describe the work of Gutzen Borglum			

	Childrens work is inspired by artist but does not replicate	can describe Munch's work with focus on the emotions portrayed in it	understands that sculptures can be made from a range of materials
	the work	recognises some life experiences which caused Munch's original art style, e.g. the passing of his mother, the poor mental state of his father	is able to name some materials from which a sculpture may be made
		Childrens work is inspired by artist but does not replicate the work	understands that a sculptor creates sculptures
			Childrens work is inspired by artist but does not replicate the work
Vocabulary	Background, foreground, highlights, shadows, similar (or analogous) colours, acrylic	Background, foreground, blend, block, stroke, shade, pastel, similar (or analogous) colour, The Scream	form, structure, texture, shape, mark, soft, join, sculptor, form, material, Mount Rushmore
		Year Six	
	Printing (Choice of print up to pupil)	Drawing	Acrylic Painting
Analysis of other art	give detailed observations about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work	give detailed observations about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work	give detailed observations about notable artists', artisans' and designers' work
work	offer facts about notable artists', artisans' and designers' lives	offer facts about notable artists', artisans' and designers' lives	offer facts about notable artists', artisans' and designers'
	design and create printing blocks/tiles;	use a variety of techniques to add effects, e.g. shadows, reflection, hatching and cross-hatching	create a colour palette, using colours other than white and black to adjust shades.
	develop techniques in mono, and pressprint	depict movement and perspective in drawings	children work from background to foreground and <b>not</b> vice versa over a rough sketch.
	create and arrange accurate patterns	use a variety of tools and select the most appropriate	
Skills	Use a sharp implement to carve out a desired pattern with improved accuracy	within backgrounds, objects are faded so as to appear far away	children are aware of analogous (similar) colours on the colour wheel and use this to mix and blend.
	Applies paint evenly, without excess, to a printing block	When using pencil, children decide what tone is most appropriate for the effect intended	strokes are consistent with the shape of the object being coloured e.g. swirled, spiral, straight, horizontal, vertical
	Builds on top of a print to add depth, colour, tone and detail	Children use a piece of paper to avoid getting finger prints or smudges over their work	children are using more precise implements for the task (e.g. smaller brushes, more refined tips)
	Children use appropriate printing style to create their own		

	piece		
	Children understand how Morris links in with their topic	children know why Lowry links with their topic	children understand how Henry, Moore links to their topic
	Knows that Morris was a textile designer	children know the era of Lowry	children recognise that Henry Moore was also a sculptor
	Recognises that Morris' work was so significant in the Victorian era that he was commissioned by the rich to	children understand the colour wheel and can name analogous (similar) and opposite colours	and is most notably known for his work in sculpting
Knowledge	produce designs for them	Children recognise geometric shapes within Lowry's work	understands what gave Henry Moore inspiration for his
	Understands that a motif is a decorative image or design, especially a repeated one forming a pattern		
	ar Francisco de la companya de la co		can identify Moore's paintings amongst other artist's paintings
			Knows how to create a dull, depressive emotion within work
			and what colours work best for this
	Motif, textiles, print, press, intaglio, monoprint, pressprint,	Motion, industrial, opposite colours, similar (or analogous)	Sculptor, designer, architect, depressive, dark, dull,
Vocabulary	design, floral, pattern, etch/ engrave/ raised	colours, matchstick men, space, whitespace, line, form,	modernism
		shape, tone, smudge, hard, soft, light, portrait	